P-ISSN: 2204-1990; E-ISSN: 1323-6903 DOI: 10.47750/cibg.2020.26.02.083

Barriers to climate adaption in farming

DR. P. PRAVEEN KUMAR¹, MR. SATHEESH KUMAR. K²

¹Associate professor, Saveetha School of Management, Saveetha Institute of Medical and Technical Sciences, Saveetha University, Chennai-77

²MBA Student, Saveetha School of Management, Saveetha Institute of Medical and Technical Sciences, Saveetha University, Chennai-77

Email ID: praveenkumarp.ssm@saveetha.com

Abstract: Descriptive research is applied by using a convenience method of sampling with 70 respondents. The data is collected from the farmers. The majority of respondents were both male and female and their majority of age group were less than 35 years. The tools used for the study are mean analysis, frequency analysis, t-test and ANOVA. It is found that farming is the factor influenced by climate and farming has barriers to adapt to the climate. Cultivating expects a fundamental part in the economy of non-modern countries, and gives the essential wellspring of food, pay and work to their common masses. It has gotten logically clear over the last couple of years that the start of both monetary master and system makers regarding the work of cultivation in money related improvement has experienced a huge headway. Around one fourth of the Earth's bound surface is as of now a work in progress with more land changed over to manage creation. Humanity has similarly gotten skilled at raising yields through using inputs like manures, pesticides and common waste products. Anyway in various more shocking countries with low benefit rates and creating masses, agribusiness continues wandering into immaterial and sensitive grounds. It adds to the monetary new development. In light of the public compensation level, similarly as people's lifestyle is improved.

Keywords: Barriers, Climate, Adaption, Descriptive, Entrepreneurship, Farming

INTRODUCTION

Ecological change and farming are interrelated cycles, the two of which occur on an overall scale. Natural change impacts developing in different habits joining changes in typical temperatures, precipitation, and climate. Natural change is currently affecting cultivation, with impacts unevenly passed on across the world. Future ecological change will likely unfavorably impact crop creation in low degree countries, while impacts in northern extensions may be positive or negative. Natural change will apparently assemble the threat of food, soft spots for some powerless social occasions and speed of environmental change, joined with worldwide populace and pay development, compromises food security all over. Farming is incredibly helpless against environmental change. Higher temperatures ultimately diminish yields of alluring harvests while empowering weed and vermin expansion. Bugs the executives become less viable, implying that higher paces of pesticides will be important to accomplish similar degrees of control. Warmth waves can cause extraordinary warmth stress in harvests. Heat waves can bring about shriveled plants because of raised happening rates which can cause misfortune if not balanced by the water system. Weighty downpours that regularly bring about flooding can likewise be inconvenient to crops and to soil structure. Most plants can't get by in drawn out waterlogged conditions on the grounds that the roots need to relax. The general effects of environmental change on cultivating are relied upon to be negative, compromising worldwide food security. Seeds are the fundamental information or crude material for the Farmers to develop crops. Be that as it may, there is an absence of accessibility of the great nature of seeds on the lookout. What's more, if the great quality seeds are accessible, they are costly to the point that poor people and peripheral Farmers can't manage. Farmers will undoubtedly utilize the customary seeds which are less profitable and yield less harvests. A large portion of the confirmed seeds makers in India are private companies. The government ought to one or the other tie-up with these organizations or give direct appropriations to the Farmers so they can bear the cost of the best nature of seeds for creation. Most of Indian Farmers utilize customary apparatuses for Agriculture, for example, furrow, sickle, and so forth. This prompts the wastage of energy and labor and less yield per capita workforce. Only little utilization of the machine is found in the water system, collecting and transportation. There is a critical need to modernize the agriculture activities of the country. Many state governments have begun a plan from which Farmers can take current gear for lease at a low cost. Water system is one of the fundamental strides for a harvest to develop consummately and India has the second-biggest inundated land on the planet for good water system offices is the accessibility of water over time from the waterways and dams. This causes the Farmers to direct rural activities ideally. Our research idea is based on the

Copyright © The Author(s) 2020 . Published by *Society of Business and management*. This is an Open Access Article distributed under the CC BY license. (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/)

rich knowledge acquired by our peer teams across the university.(A.C.Gomathi, S.R.Xavier Rajarathinam, A.Mohammed Sadiqc, Rajeshkumar, 2020; Danda et al., 2009; Danda and Ravi, 2011; Dua et al., 2019; Ezhilarasan et al., 2019; Krishnan and Chary, 2015; Manivannan, I., Ranganathan, S., Gopalakannan, S. et al., 2018; Narayanan et al., 2012, 2009; Neelakantan et al., 2013, 2011; Neelakantan and Sharma, 2015; Panchal et al., 2019; Prasanna et al., 2011; Priya S et al., 2009; Rajeshkumar et al., 2019; Ramadurai et al., 2019; Ramakrishnan et al., 2016; Venugopalan et al., 2014)

LITERATURE REVIEW

(Sandhu et al., 2012) have learned about Barriers to back experience by female directors of negligible homesteads in India.

(Naik and Suresh, 2018) have learned about challenges of making maintainable agri-retail supply chains. The investigation expects to discover how food supply chains and organizations assume a significant part in giving makers admittance to business sectors and they influence financial, social and ecological maintainability of rustic networks. The major issues in the supportable advancement plan incorporate how to guarantee the inclusion of makers, especially little farmers, in network just in the institution exercises to assist with meeting severe sanitation and quality guidelines were considered instrumental for doing the examination.

(Chandra et al., 2018) discussed on how to investigate and distinguish the pointers of institutional boundaries impeding the innovation move preparing (TTT) measure behind the innovation reception slack influencing the agrarian yielding advancement scale. The method on information assortment nearby finished poll scores to objective Farmers are driven people. Information utilized as an exploratory factor examination procedure was considered instrumental for completing the investigation.

(Pillai and Sivathanu, 2020) have studied the assumption of the web in farming. The examination intends to discover how to explore the selection of Internet things in the Agriculture business to Farmers' utilizing the hypothetical focal point of the social thinking hypothesis. An overview to Farmers directed on inspecting the selection in the Agriculture industry utilizing information investigation essential review have finished the primary condition displaying strategy was considered instrumental for doing the examination. The examination uncovered that the explanations behind reception of IoT-A were as per the following: Relative bit of leeway, social impact, seen accommodation, and saw helpfulness. The reasons against reception were as per the following: Image obstruction, innovative uneasiness, seen cost and saw hazard.

(Damodaran, 2012) has learned about the financial matters of adapting techniques and financing transformation activity in India's semi-dry biological systems. The examination means to discover how the base up view points to strategy difficulties to versatile activity conditions on segments of large Farmers studied survey reliance normal territories to evoke data expenses advantages transformation exercises.

(Singh et al., 2019) have learned about AGROY making an incentive through shrewd cultivation. The examination intends to discover how advertising, vital and hierarchical issues confronting the always growing agriculture market viewpoint items organization. To function admirably as a learning device for system execution where vulnerability is innate and as an application to addresses on genuine alternatives and hazards or for conversations identified with promoting and circulation channels and its difficulties characterization was considered instrumental for completing the investigation. The investigation uncovered that the Indian farming business sector assumes a significant part in India's economy having an amazing 58 percent of rustic families relying upon it as the chief methods for occupation.

(Misra and Singh, 2016) have learned about an investigation of components influencing development of natural food. The examination means to discover how fundamental supplements sound way of life yet recently it has been discovered that numerous food items have gotten unsafe because of tainting and lead to numerous illnesses. Examination utilized factors writing influence view purchasers with respect to natural food. Expressive exploration was utilized to comprehend the segment naturally. Indisputable exploration configuration utilized theories dependent on persuading hindering component development naturally was considered instrumental for completing the investigation. Demonstrated goals buy natural items affecting the buyer's conviction security wellbeing part item, affirmation, data accessibility way of life and are thus drivers of development. Furthermore, certain hindering variables were recognized like uncertainty in the maintained nature of natural food, absence of mindfulness and value equality.

(Pandey and Diwan, 2018) have read about incorporated methodology for overseeing manure strengthening connected ecological issues. The investigation means to discover how the basic components related with developing manure utilization finish in defilement of soil/water in horticulturally serious areas. Agri business area viewed significant donors guaranteeing. A two arranged examination pointed toward observing the dirt partner overview endeavored. Demeanor conduct system dependent on the hypothesis of contemplated activity has been attempted to clarify the compost use conduct in the examination. The outcomes are examined through Analysis of change and were considered instrumental for doing the investigation. The examination uncovered that the soil observing information demonstrated nitrate and all out nitrogen loadings past as far as possible in the distinguished districts.

(Tomer et al., 2016) have learned about the practicality of administration on farming experiences concentrate rustic. The investigation means to discover that how significance of portable innovation to empower dissemination of agriculture information among farming community in India and to assess the current financial difficulties swaying the possibility administration meaning elements accomplish inside and out comprehension of rancher's mentalities and assessment and furthermore applied trial perceptions to assess the genuine viability of data spread and the social elements behind the cycle. The recorded information was likewise gathered from the public authority workplaces and a non-legislative association was considered instrumental for doing the investigation.

(Kevin Z Chen International Food Policy Research Institute et al., 2015) have learned about advancements in finance regard chains strategies comprehensive. The examination expects to discover how the horticultural worth related instruments give strategy suggestions encouraging improvement and productive comprehensive worth. Currently writing rural worth components, exercises fortifying among item monetary business sectors to empower smallholders to catch advantages of the worth expansion was considered instrumental for completing the investigation. The investigation uncovered that the similar survey of significant worth chain financing components and current arrangement settings the creators discover strength of inward financing of significant worth chains (as far as arrangement of sources of info, innovation and administrations) in both the nations.

(Govindan and Shankar, 2016) have concentrated about assessing the fundamental hindrance to seaward wind energy – an Indian viewpoint. The investigation plans to discover how the fundamental hindrance and uncover the need among regular boundaries to seaward twist setting help structure. In light of the proposed system, a five-stage philosophy was adjusted to investigate the fundamental obstruction bit by bit. The normal obstructions, which were gathered from the current written works through an efficient survey, were additionally approved by field specialists.

(Joshi, 2012) has learned about part of science and development for plant rebuilding. The investigation plans to discover how the "servitization" occurred regarding underlying changes in GDP. Yet, the primary changes as far as business have been moderate, as Agriculture is as yet the pillar of more than 50% of the absolute labor force.

(Agoramoorthy and Hsu, 2016) uncovered that the dams additionally expanded groundwater levels in towns, resuscitated waterways during the dry season and expanded woods development along streams, at last alleviating nearby environmental change-forced negative results.

(Kumar et al., 2018) have learned about cultivating, and benefits handling proof development. The investigation depends on Farmers. Graphic measurements, relapse examination affinity coordinating utilized to achieve goals investigation that were considered instrumental for completing the examination. The examination uncovered that the guarantees more significant yields to Farmers just selection homestead agreement Farmers acquired around 38 percent appropriation when contrasted with free Farmers. Rank, occupation, ranch size and editing power essentially influenced Farmers' support in CF.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This study is descriptive in nature. The questionnaire has been designed to measure the perception of farmers on barriers to climate adaption in farming. The data have been sourced from 70 farmers. The sourced data was processed using frequency analysis, mean analysis and one way ANOVA. The results are displayed in pie charts and tables.



Fig.1: shows that the respondents are distributed equally.



Fig.2: shows that the majority of the respondents are from less than 35 Years (77.1%), followed by 35- 40 Years (12.9%), 41 - 45 Years (5.7%) and greater than 45 Years (4.3%).



Fig.3: shows that the majority of the respondents are from less than 35 Years age group, majority of the respondents are those whose educational qualification are College Level Education (82.9%) followed by No Formal Education (14.3%) and others (2.9%).



Fig.4: shows the majority of the respondents are less than 5 Years (75.7%) followed by 5 – 10 Years (15.7%) and greater than 10 Years (8.6%), majority of the respondents are less than 5 Years.

S.No	Variables	Mean	Rank
1	We face barriers in terms of technologies associated	3.46	1
	to location		
2	Lack of funds are available for R&D Activities	3.17	4
3	Barriers in availability of inputs during climatic	3.09	6
	change		
4	ovision on formal financial facilities	3.09	6
5	Inter-institutional coordination is missing during	2.84	9
	climatic change to implement adaptation		
6	Property rights are not clearly defined	2.83	10
	There is no information about credit or insurance		
7	and other financial relief schemes to the rural farmers	2.91	8
8	Farmers does not have awareness on government	3.14	5
	welfare & relief programs		
9	Cultural standards and commitments avoid new	3.21	3
	strategies		
10	Predominance of customary practices and low self-	3.36	2
	viability		

Table 1: Barriers to Climate Adaption in Farming

The above table represents mean analysis towards barriers to climate adoption in Farming. It is found that, variable "Technology adoption" has the highest mean value with 3.46, followed by "Predominance of customary practices and low self-viability" with mean 3.36. The variable "Property rights are not clearly defined" has the least mean value of 2.83.

	F	Sig.
Age	0.804	0.496
Educational qualification	1.121	0.332
Years of experience	1.087	0.343

Table 2: Demographic Details Vs Perception

The table 2 shows the value of F and its significant. It is seen from the table that all the demographic variables have a significant value of greater than 0.05. It shows that there is no difference between the demographic profile of the farmers and their perception towards barriers to climate adoption in farming.

CONCLUSION

Expansion in the efficiency of farming by utilizing methods of regular Agriculture is representing a restriction. The danger to climate, because of reliance on synthetic composts and pesticides for expanding efficiency and bug the executives individually is a significant requirement influencing worldwide food creation. These patterns propose that new developments in farming are unavoidably required and these advancements ought to be incorporated with the standard agribusiness. The procedure is appropriate for the quickly developing worldwide metropolitan populace as the requests of food supply can be met from inside the urban communities and

subsequently decreasing the transportation cost and climate disintegration brought about by fills all the while. Farmers comprehend that gainful soils mean beneficial homesteads, and apparatuses like soil changes, cover crops, no-till, and others are getting more mainstream in cultivating circles. Sound soils help shield the planet from environment change. Governments and private undertakings are making frameworks that give the monetary help expected to improve soil wellbeing on homesteads by giving awards, and in some cases paying Farmers straightforwardly for the carbon their dirts take from the air. Requirements in appropriation of such practices ought to be tended to and linkages among specialists and Farmers ought to be made for reasonable measures.

REFERENCES

- 1. A.C.Gomathi, S.R.Xavier Rajarathinam, A.Mohammed Sadiqc, Rajeshkumar, 2020. Anticancer activity of silver nanoparticles synthesized using aqueous fruit shell extract of Tamarindus indica on MCF-7 human breast cancer cell line. J. Drug Deliv. Sci. Technol. 55.
- 2. Agoramoorthy, G., Hsu, M.J., 2016. Small dams revive dry rivers and mitigate local climate change in India's drylands. International Journal of Climate Change Strategies and Management.
- Chandra, P., Bhattacharjee, T., Bhowmick, B., 2018. Does technology transfer training concern for agriculture output in India? A critical study on a lateritic zone in West Bengal. Journal of Agribusiness in Developing and Emerging Economies 8, 339–362.
- 4. Damodaran, A., 2012. The economics of coping strategies and financing adaptation action in India's semiarid ecosystems. International Journal of Climate Change Strategies and Management 4, 386–403.
- 5. Danda, A.K., Ravi, P., 2011. Effectiveness of postoperative antibiotics in orthognathic surgery: a metaanalysis. J. Oral Maxillofac. Surg. 69, 2650–2656.
- 6. Danda, A.K., S, R., Chinnaswami, R., 2009. Comparison of gap arthroplasty with and without a temporalis muscle flap for the treatment of ankylosis. J. Oral Maxillofac. Surg. 67, 1425–1431.
- Dua, K., Wadhwa, R., Singhvi, G., Rapalli, V., Shukla, S.D., Shastri, M.D., Gupta, G., Satija, S., Mehta, M., Khurana, N., Awasthi, R., Maurya, P.K., Thangavelu, L., S, R., Tambuwala, M.M., Collet, T., Hansbro, P.M., Chellappan, D.K., 2019. The potential of siRNA based drug delivery in respiratory disorders: Recent advances and progress. Drug Dev. Res. 80, 714–730.
- 8. Ezhilarasan, D., Apoorva, V.S., Ashok Vardhan, N., 2019. Syzygium cumini extract induced reactive oxygen species-mediated apoptosis in human oral squamous carcinoma cells. J. Oral Pathol. Med. 48, 115–121.
- 9. Govindan, K., Shankar, M., 2016. Evaluating the essential barrier to off-shore wind energy--an Indian perspective. Int. J. Energy Sect. Manage.
- 10. Joshi, S., 2012. Role of science and technology for agricultural revival in India. World Journal of Science, Technology and Sustainable Development 9, 108–119.
- 11. Kevin Z Chen International Food Policy Research Institute, C., Beijing, Pramod K Joshi International Food Policy Research Institute, I., New Delhi, Cheng, E., Birthal, P.S., 2015. Innovations in financing of agri-food value chains in China and India. China Agricultural Economic Review 7, 616–640.
- 12. Krishnan, R., Chary, K.V., 2015. A rare case modafinil dependence. J. Pharmacol. Pharmacother. 6, 49–50.
- 13. Kumar, A., Roy, D., Tripathi, G., Joshi, P.K., Adhikari, R.P., 2018. Does contract farming improve profits and food safety? Evidence from tomato cultivation in Nepal. Journal of Agribusiness in Developing and Emerging Economies 8, 603–624.
- Manivannan, I., Ranganathan, S., Gopalakannan, S. et al., 2018. Mechanical Properties and Tribological Behavior of Al6061–SiC–Gr Self-Lubricating Hybrid Nanocomposites. Trans Indian Inst Met 71, 1897– 1911.
- 15. Misra, R., Singh, D., 2016. An analysis of factors affecting growth of organic food: Perception of consumers in Delhi-NCR (India). British Food Journal 118, 2308–2325.
- 16. Naik, G., Suresh, D.N., 2018. Challenges of creating sustainable agri-retail supply chains. IIMB Management Review 30, 270–282.
- 17. Narayanan, V., Kannan, R., Sreekumar, K., 2009. Retromandibular approach for reduction and fixation of mandibular condylar fractures: a clinical experience. Int. J. Oral Maxillofac. Surg. 38, 835–839.
- 18. Narayanan, V., Ramadorai, A., Ravi, P., Nirvikalpa, N., 2012. Transmasseteric anterior parotid approach for condylar fractures: experience of 129 cases. Br. J. Oral Maxillofac. Surg. 50, 420–424.
- 19. Neelakantan, P., John, S., Anand, S., Sureshbabu, N., Subbarao, C., 2011. Fluoride release from a new glassionomer cement. Oper. Dent. 36, 80–85.
- Neelakantan, P., Sharma, S., 2015. Pain after single-visit root canal treatment with two single-file systems based on different kinematics--a prospective randomized multicenter clinical study. Clin. Oral Investig. 19, 2211–2217.
- 21. Neelakantan, P., Subbarao, C., Sharma, S., Subbarao, C.V., Garcia-Godoy, F., Gutmann, J.L., 2013. Effectiveness of curcumin against Enterococcus faecalis biofilm. Acta Odontol. Scand. 71, 1453–1457.
- 22. Panchal, V., Jeevanandan, G., Subramanian, E.M.G., 2019. Comparison of post-operative pain after root canal instrumentation with hand K-files, H-files and rotary Kedo-S files in primary teeth: a randomised

clinical trial. Eur. Arch. Paediatr. Dent. 20, 467–472.

- 23. Pandey, C., Diwan, H., 2018. Integrated approach for managing fertilizer intensification linked environmental issues. Management of Environmental Quality: An International Journal 29, 324–347.
- 24. Pillai, R., Sivathanu, B., 2020. Adoption of internet of things (IoT) in the agriculture industry deploying the BRT framework. Benchmarking: An International Journal 27, 1341–1368.
- 25. Prasanna, N., Subbarao, C.V., Gutmann, J.L., 2011. The efficacy of pre-operative oral medication of lornoxicam and diclofenac potassium on the success of inferior alveolar nerve block in patients with irreversible pulpitis: a double-blind, randomised controlled clinical trial. Int. Endod. J. 44, 330–336.
- 26. Priya S, R., Krishnan, C., S, J.R., Das}, J., 2009. Growth and characterization of NLO active lithium sulphate monohydrate single crystals. Crystal research and technology 44, 1272–76`.
- Rajeshkumar, S., Menon, S., Venkat Kumar, S., Tambuwala, M.M., Bakshi, H.A., Mehta, M., Satija, S., Gupta, G., Chellappan, D.K., Thangavelu, L., Dua, K., 2019. Antibacterial and antioxidant potential of biosynthesized copper nanoparticles mediated through Cissus arnotiana plant extract. J. Photochem. Photobiol. B 197, 111531.
- Ramadurai, N., Gurunathan, D., Samuel, A.V., Subramanian, E., Rodrigues, S.J.L., 2019. Effectiveness of 2% Articaine as an anesthetic agent in children: randomized controlled trial. Clin. Oral Investig. 23, 3543– 3550.
- 29. Ramakrishnan, M., Dhanalakshmi, R., Subramanian, E.M.G., 2019. Survival rate of different fixed posterior space maintainers used in Paediatric Dentistry A systematic review. Saudi Dent J 31, 165–172.
- 30. Ramesh, A., Varghese, S.S., Doraiswamy, J.N., Malaiappan, S., 2016. Herbs as an antioxidant arsenal for periodontal diseases. J Intercult Ethnopharmacol 5, 92–96.
- 31. Sandhu, N., Hussain, J., Matlay, H., 2012. Barriers to finance experienced by female owner/managers of marginal farms in India. Journal of Small Business and Enterprise Development 19, 640–655.
- 32. Singh, R., Kumar, J., Nayak, A., 2019. AGROY: creating value through smart farming. Emerald Emerging Markets Case Studies 9, 1–31.
- 33. Tomer, G., Singh, C.G., Kumar, P.P., 2016. Feasibility of m-governance in agriculture: insights from a multimodal study in rural India. Transforming Government: People, Process and Policy 10, 434–456.
- 34. Venugopalan, S., Ariga, P., Aggarwal, P., Viswanath, A., 2014. Magnetically retained silicone facial prosthesis. Niger. J. Clin. Pract. 17, 260–264.